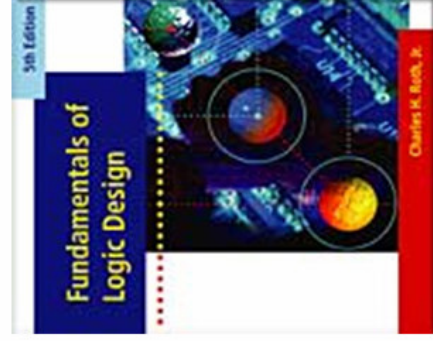


# FIGURES FOR CHAPTER 4

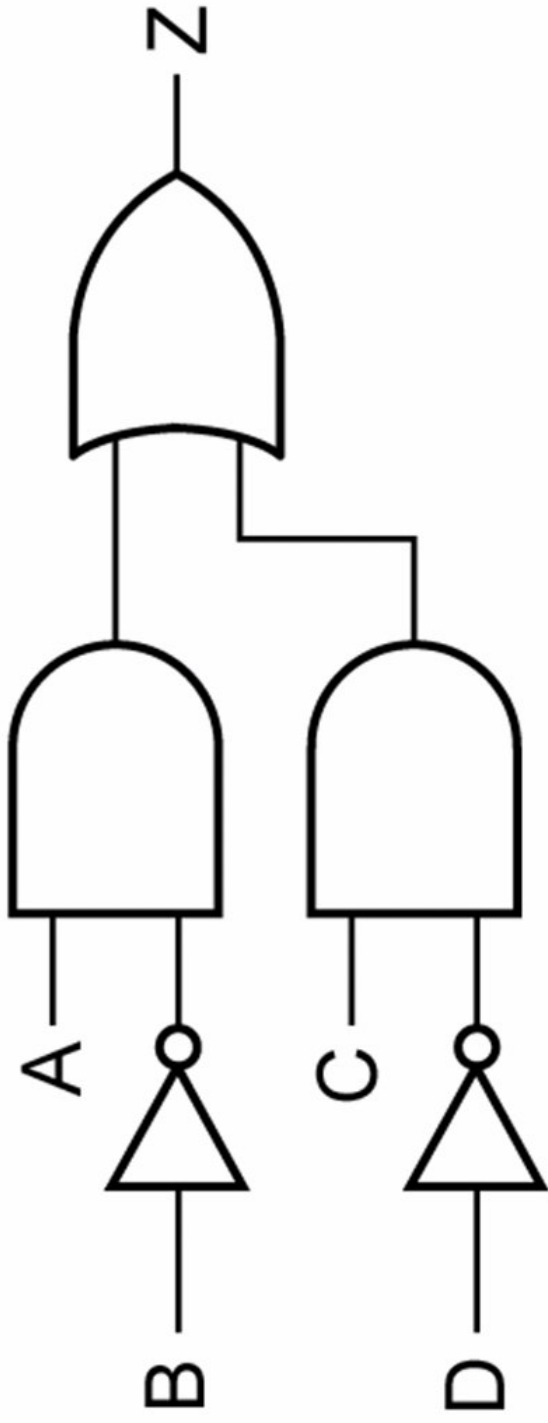
## APPLICATIONS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA MINTERM AND MAXTERM EXPANSIONS



*This chapter in the book includes:*

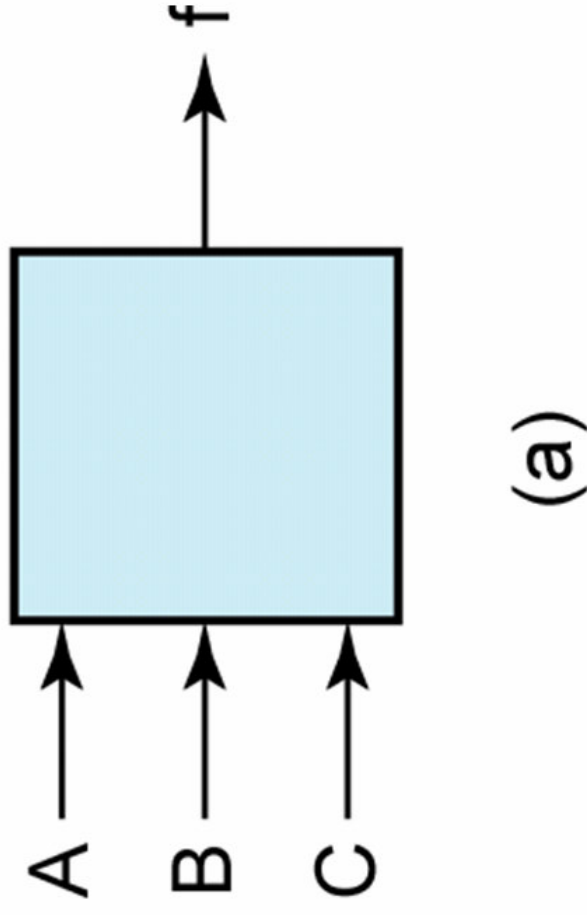
- Objectives
  - Study Guide
  - 4.1 Conversion of English Sentences to Boolean Equations
  - 4.2 Combinational Logic Design Using a Truth Table
  - 4.3 Minterm and Maxterm Expansions
  - 4.4 General Minterm and Maxterm Expansions
  - 4.5 Incompletely Specified Functions
  - 4.6 Examples of Truth Table Construction
  - 4.7 Design of Binary Adders and Subtractors
- Problems

Click the mouse to move to the next page.  
Use the ESC key to exit this chapter.



**Section 4.1, p. 85**

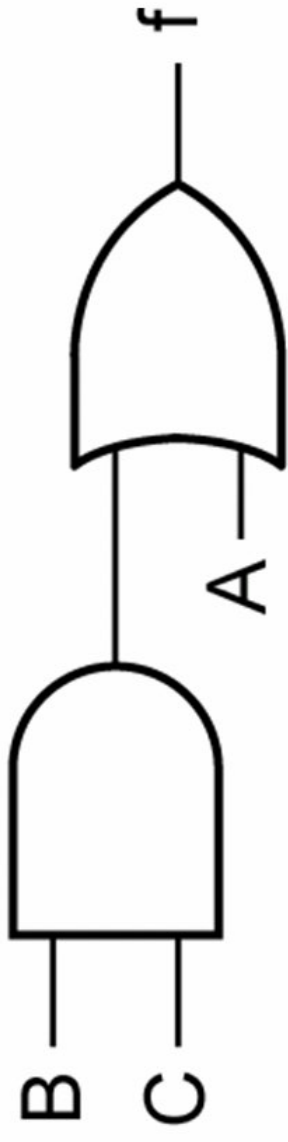




A	B	C	f	f'
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	0

(b)

**Figure 4-1: Combinational Circuit with Truth Table**



**Section 4.2, p. 86**

**Table 4-1 Minterms and Maxterms  
for Three Variables**

Row No.	A B C	Minterms	Maxterms
0	0 0 0	$A'B'C' = m_0$	$A + B + C = M_0$
1	0 0 1	$A'B'C = m_1$	$A + B + C' = M_1$
2	0 1 0	$A'BC' = m_2$	$A + B' + C = M_2$
3	0 1 1	$A'BC = m_3$	$A + B' + C' = M_3$
4	1 0 0	$AB'C' = m_4$	$A' + B + C = M_4$
5	1 0 1	$AB'C = m_5$	$A' + B + C' = M_5$
6	1 1 0	$ABC' = m_6$	$A' + B' + C = M_6$
7	1 1 1	$ABC = m_7$	$A' + B' + C' = M_7$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= a'b' + a'd + acd' \\
 &= a'b'(c + c')(d + d') + a'd(b + b')(c + c') + acd'(b + b') \\
 &= a'b'c'd' + a'b'c'd + a'b'cd' + a'b'cd + a'b'c'd + a'b'cd \\
 &\quad + a'bc'd + a'bcd + abcd' + ab'cd' \quad (4-9)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= a'b'c'd' + a'b'c'd + a'b'cd' + a'b'cd + a'bc'd + a'bcd + abcd' + ab'cd' \\
 &\quad 0000 \quad 0001 \quad 0010 \quad 0011 \quad 0101 \quad 0111 \quad 1110 \quad 1010 \\
 f &= \sum m(0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 14) \quad (4-10)
 \end{aligned}$$

## Minterm Expansion (p. 89)

$$\begin{aligned}
f &= a'(b'+d) + acd' \\
&= (a' + cd')(a + b' + d) = (a' + c)(a' + d')(a + b' + d) \\
&= (a' + bb' + c + dd')(a' + bb' + cc' + d')(a + b' + cc' + d) \\
&= (a' + bb' + c + d)(a' + bb' + c + d')(a' + bb' + c + d')(a' + bb' + c' + d') \\
&\quad (a + b' + cc' + d) \\
&= (a' + b + c + d)(a' + b' + c + d)(a' + b + c + d')(a' + b' + c + d') \\
&\quad 1000 \quad 1100 \quad 1001 \quad 1101 \\
&= (a' + b + c' + d')(a' + b' + c' + d')(a + b' + c + d)(a + b' + c' + d) \\
&\quad 1011 \quad 1111 \quad 0100 \quad 0110 \\
&= \prod M(4, 6, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15) \quad (4-11)
\end{aligned}$$

## Maxterm Expansion (p. 90)

**Table 4-2. General Truth Table for Three Variables**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b><math>a_0</math></b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b><math>a_1</math></b>
<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b><math>a_2</math></b>
<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b><math>a_3</math></b>
<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b><math>a_4</math></b>
<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b><math>a_5</math></b>
<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b><math>a_6</math></b>
<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b><math>a_7</math></b>

$$F = a_0m_0 + a_1m_1 + a_2m_2 + \dots + a_7m_7 = \sum_{i=0}^7 a_i m_i$$



# Table 4-3. Conversion of Forms

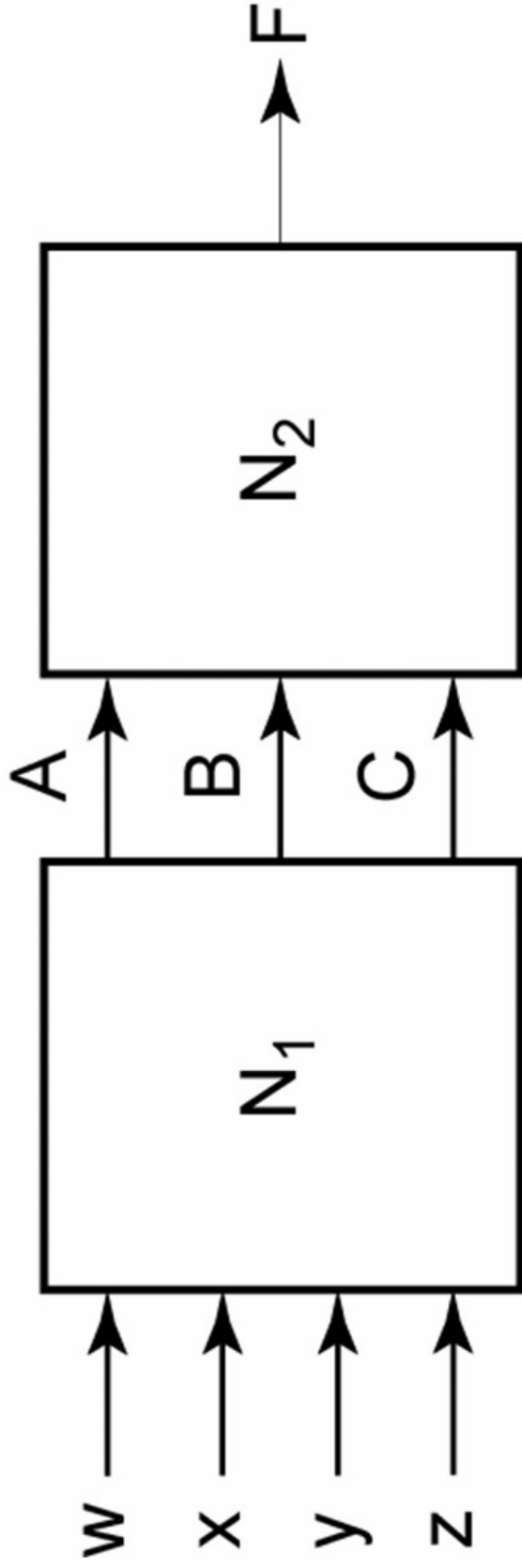
		DESIRED FORM			
		Minterm Expansion of $F$	Maxterm Expansion of $F$	Minterm Expansion of $F'$	Maxterm Expansion of $F'$
Minterm Expansion of $F$	_____	_____	maxterm nos. are those nos. not on the minterm list for $F$	list minterms not present in $F$	maxterm nos. are the same as minterm nos. of $F$
Maxterm Expansion of $F$	_____	minterm nos. are those nos. not on the maxterm list for $F$	_____	minterm nos. are the same as maxterm nos. of $F$	list maxterms not present in $F$

GIVEN FORM



## Table 4-4. Application of Table 4-3

GIVEN FORM	DESIRED FORM			
	Minterm Expansion of $f$	Maxterm Expansion of $f$	Minterm Expansion of $f'$	Maxterm Expansion of $f'$
$f = \sum m(3, 4, 5, 6, 7)$	_____	$\prod M(0, 1, 2)$	$\sum m(0, 1, 2)$	$\prod M(3, 4, 5, 6, 7)$
$f = \prod M(0, 1, 2)$	$\sum m(3, 4, 5, 6, 7)$	_____	$\sum m(0, 1, 2)$	$\prod M(3, 4, 5, 6, 7)$

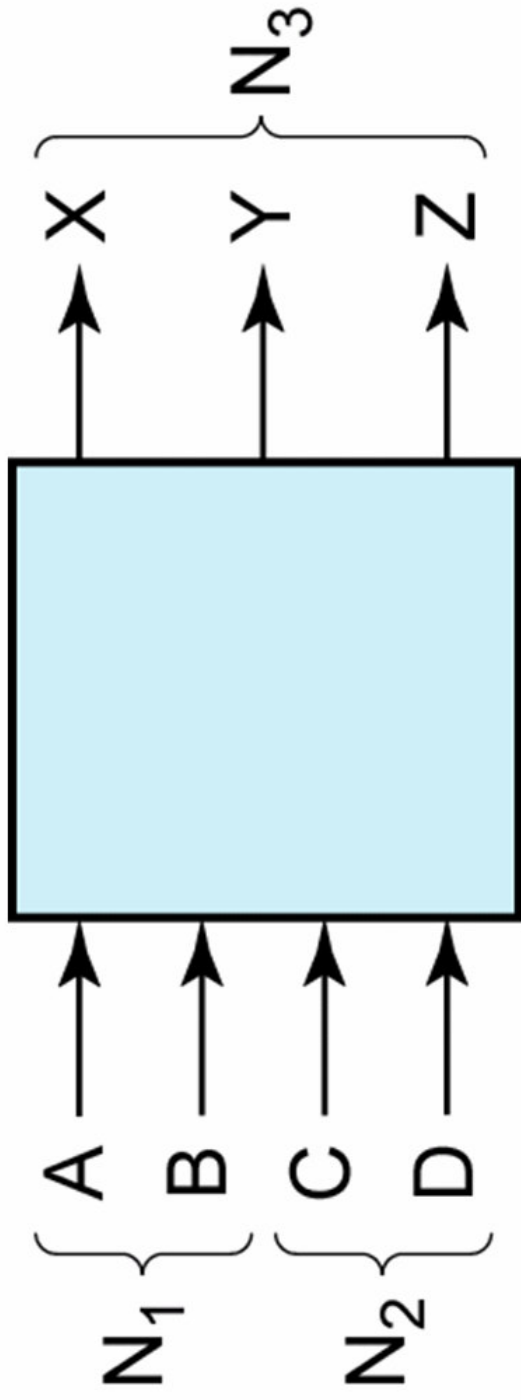


**Section 4.5, p. 93**



**Table 4-5. Truth Table with Don't Cares**

<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>F</u>
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	X
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	X
1	1	1	1



**Section 4.6, p. 95**



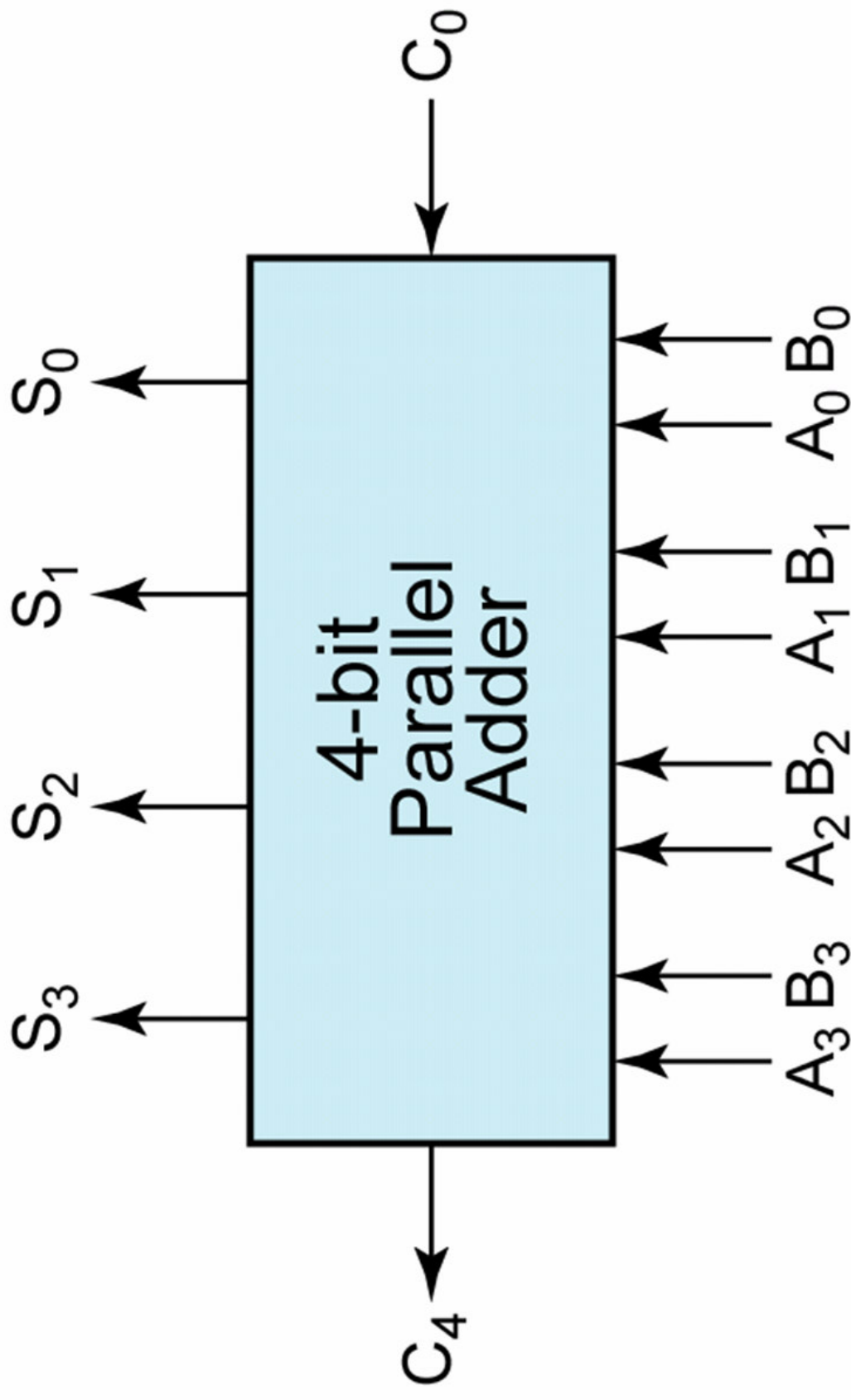
TRUTH TABLE:

$N_1$	$N_2$	$N_3$
$\overbrace{A B}$	$\overbrace{C D}$	$\overbrace{X Y Z}$
0 0	0 0	0 0 0
0 0	0 1	0 0 1
0 0	1 0	0 1 0
0 0	1 1	0 1 1
0 1	0 0	0 0 1
0 1	0 1	0 1 0
0 1	1 0	0 1 1
0 1	1 1	1 0 0

TRUTH TABLE:

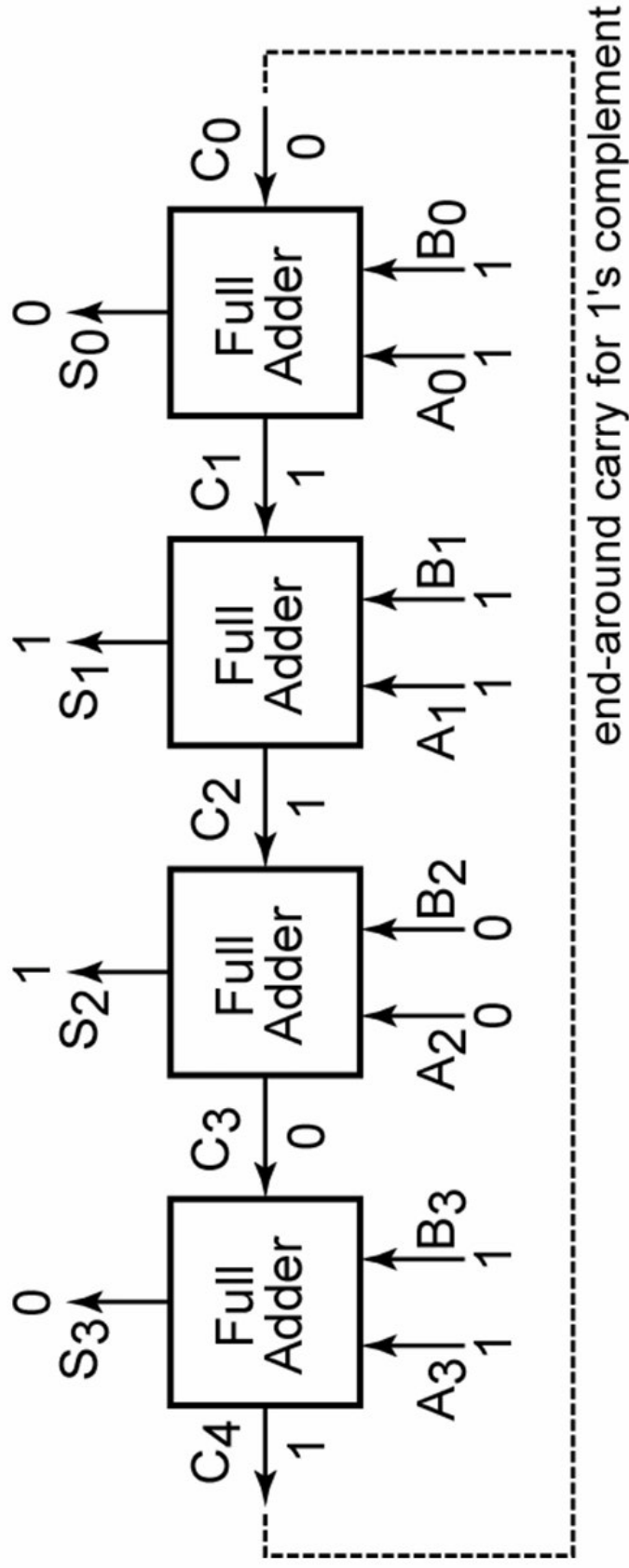
$N_1$	$N_2$	$N_3$
$\overbrace{A B}$	$\overbrace{C D}$	$\overbrace{X Y Z}$
1 0	0 0	0 1 0
1 0	0 1	0 1 1
1 0	1 0	1 0 0
1 0	1 1	1 0 1
1 1	0 0	0 1 1
1 1	0 1	1 0 0
1 1	1 0	1 0 1
1 1	1 1	1 1 0

**Section 4.6, p. 95**



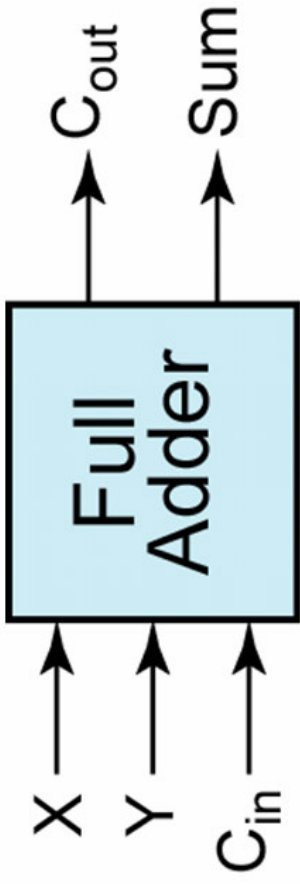
**Figure 4-2: Parallel Adder for 4-Bit Binary Numbers**





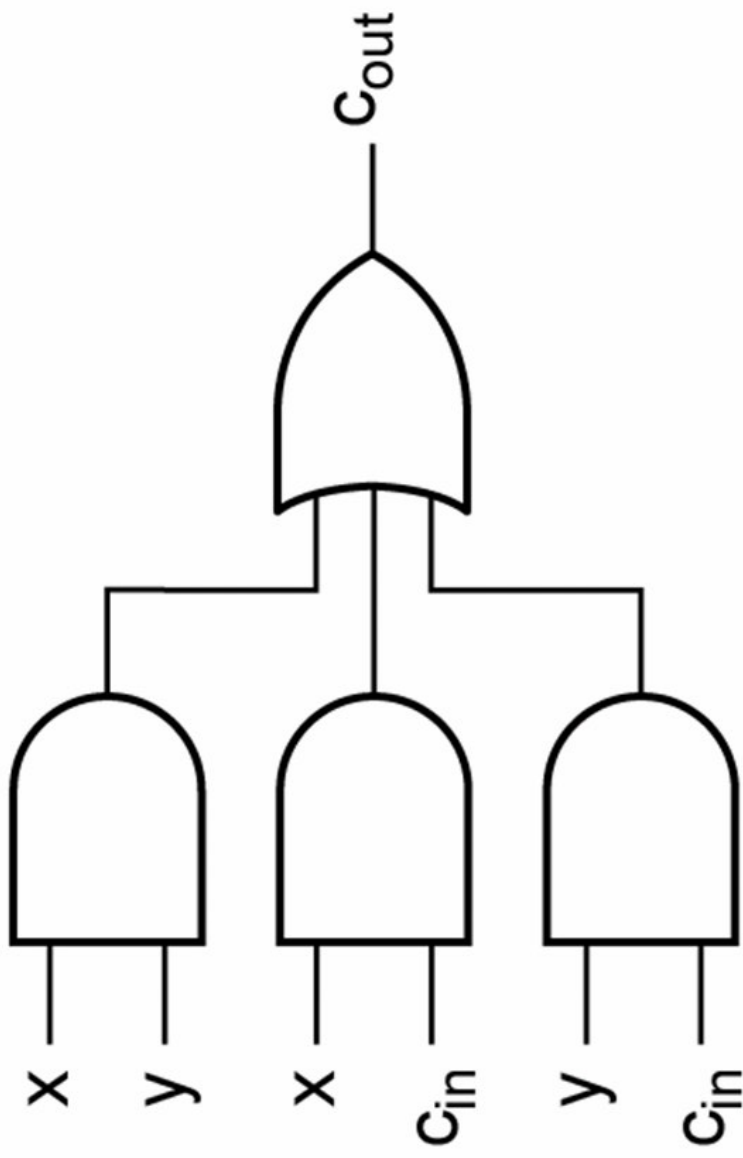
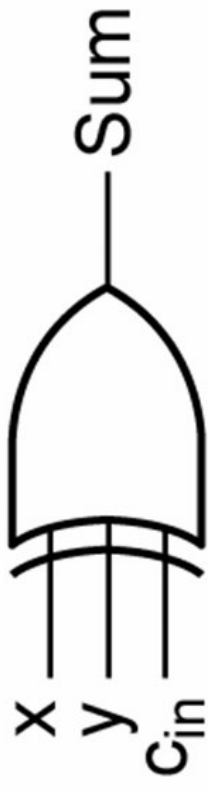
**Figure 4-3: Parallel Adder Composed of Four Full Adders**



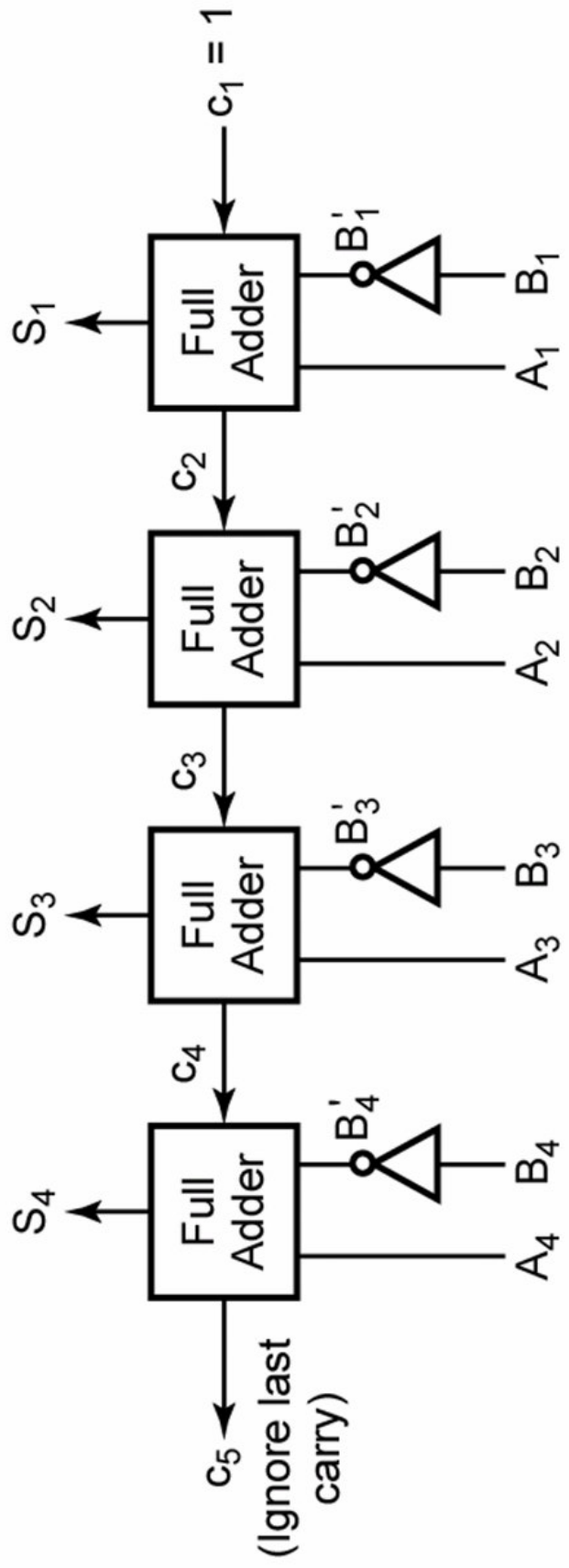


X	Y	C <sub>in</sub>	C <sub>out</sub>	Sum
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1

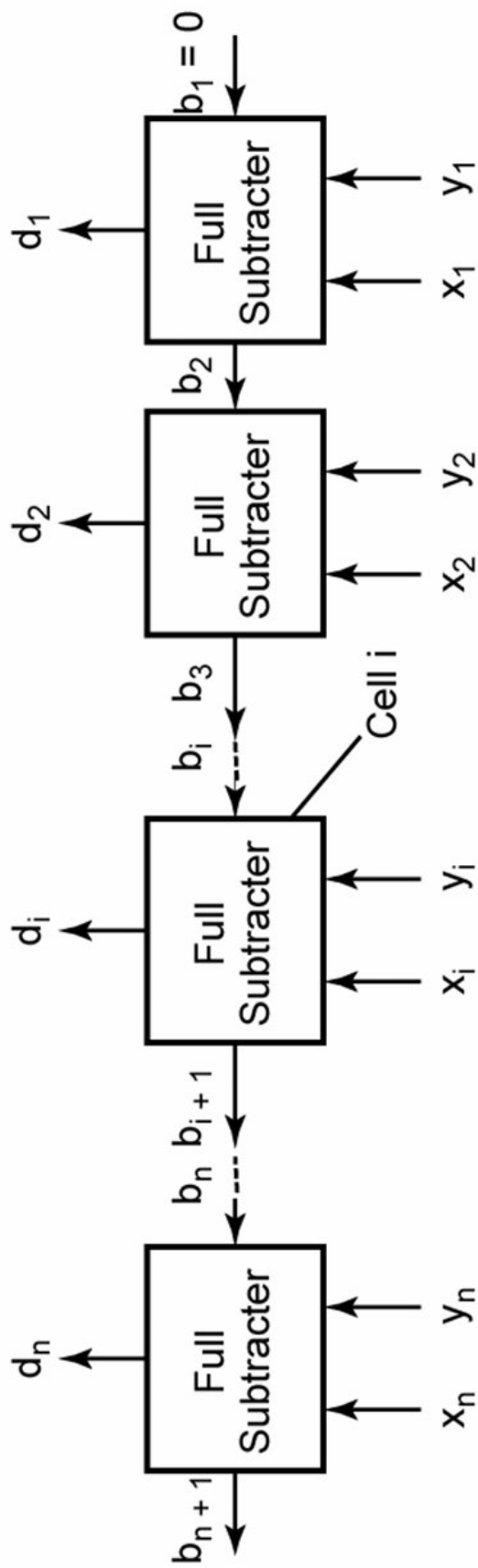
**Figure 4-4: Truth Table for a Full Adder**



**Figure 4-5: Implementation of Full Adder**



**Figure 4-6: Binary Subtracter Using Full Adders**



**Figure 4-7: Parallel Subtractor**

**Table 4.6. Truth Table for Binary Full Subtractor**

$x_i$	$y_i$	$b_i$	$b_{i+1}d_i$
0	0	0	0 0
0	0	1	1 1
0	1	0	1 1
0	1	1	1 0
1	0	0	0 1
1	0	1	0 0
1	1	0	0 0
1	1	1	1 1