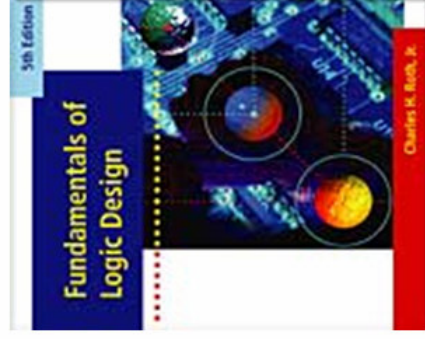


CHAPTER 2

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA



This chapter in the book includes:

Objectives

Study Guide

Introduction

Basic Operations

Boolean Expressions and Truth Tables

Basic Theorems

Commutative, Associative, and Distributive Laws

Simplification Theorems

Multiplying Out and Factoring

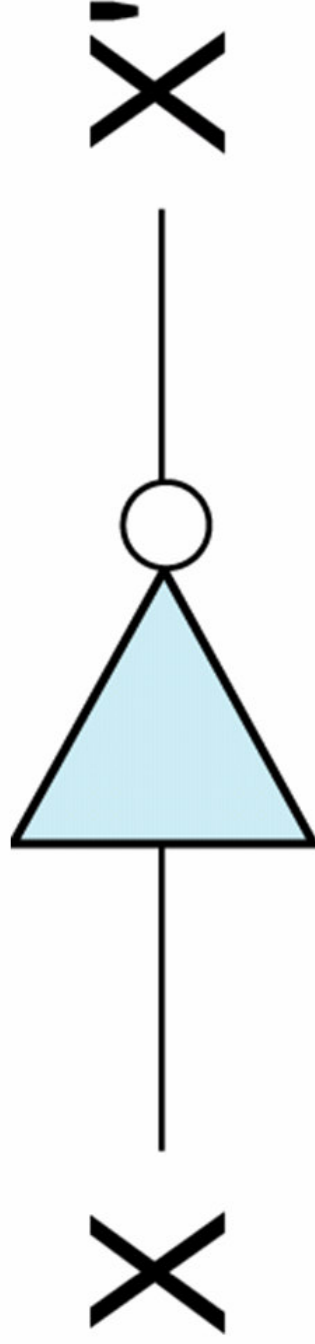
DeMorgan's Laws

Problems

Laws and Theorems of Boolean Algebra

$X' = 1$ if $X = 0$

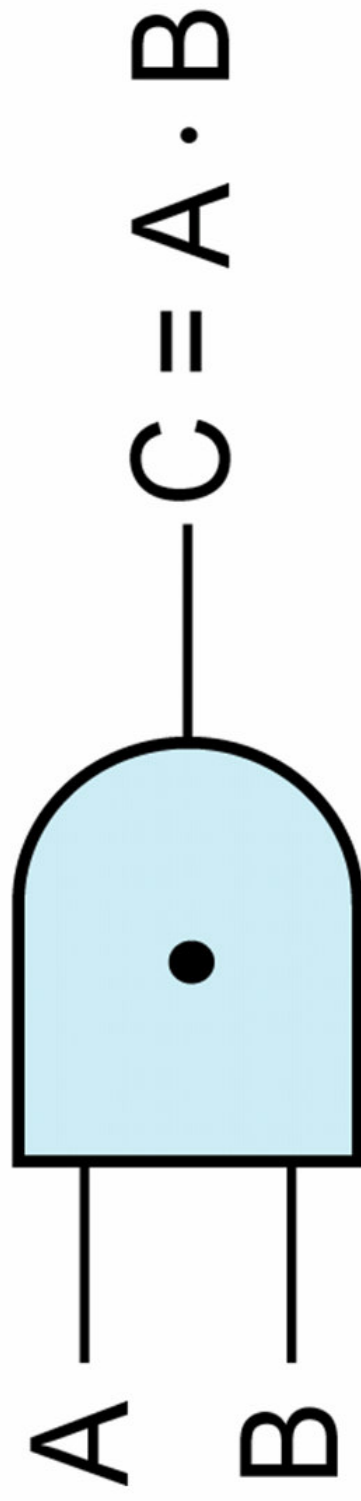
$X' = 0$ if $X = 1$



Section 2.2, p. 34



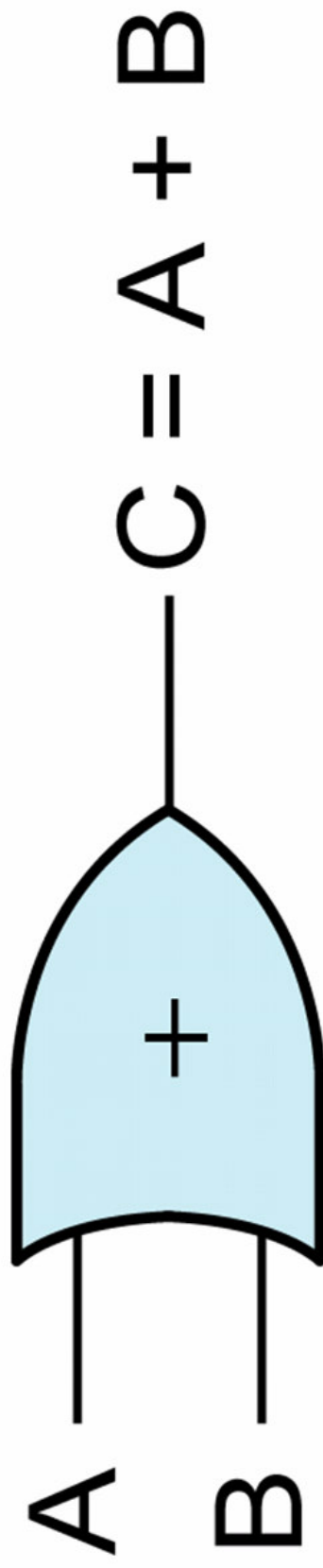
<u>AB</u>	<u>C = A · B</u>
00	0
01	0
10	0
11	1



Section 2.2, p. 34



A	B	$C = A + B$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1



Section 2.2, p. 35

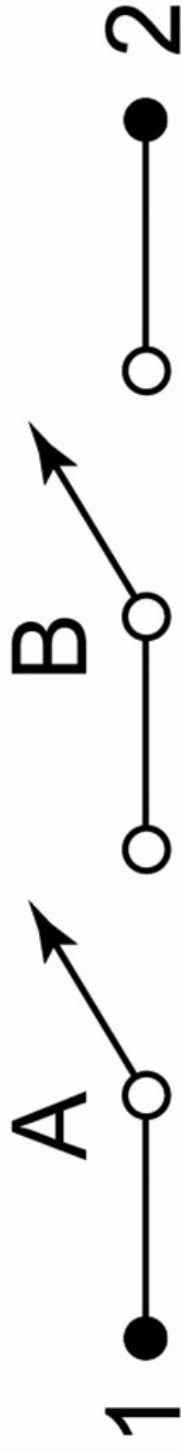




$X = 0$ switch open

$X = 1$ switch closed

Section 2.2, p. 35

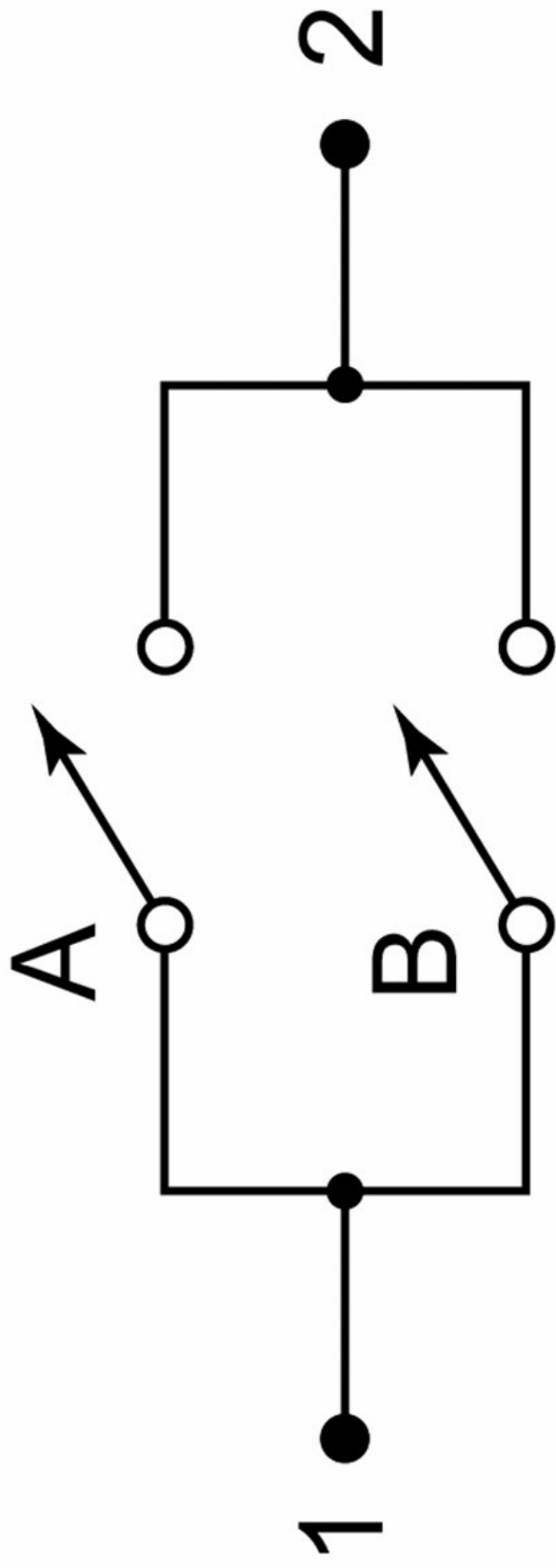


$T = 0$ open circuit between terminals 1 and 2

$T = 1$ closed circuit between terminals 1 and 2

$$T = AB$$

Section 2.2, p. 35

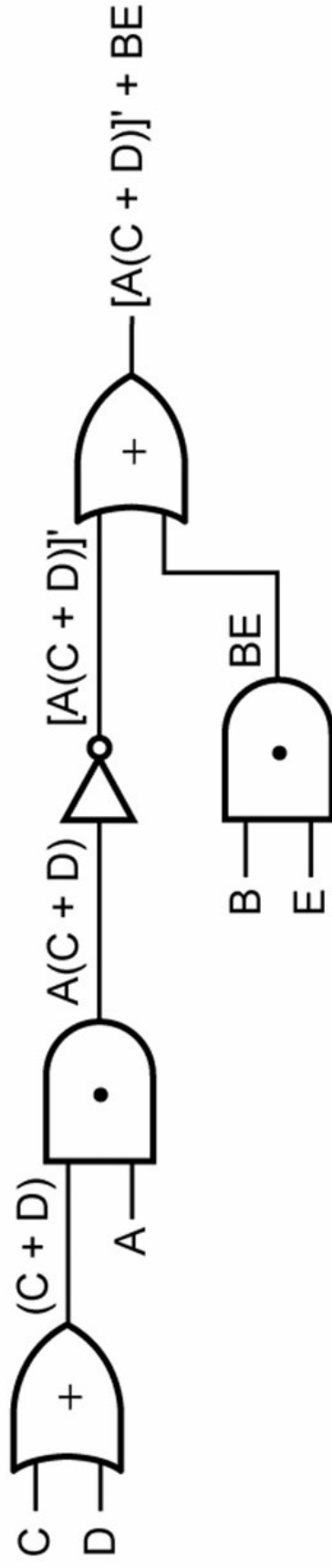


$$T = A+B$$

Section 2.2, p. 35

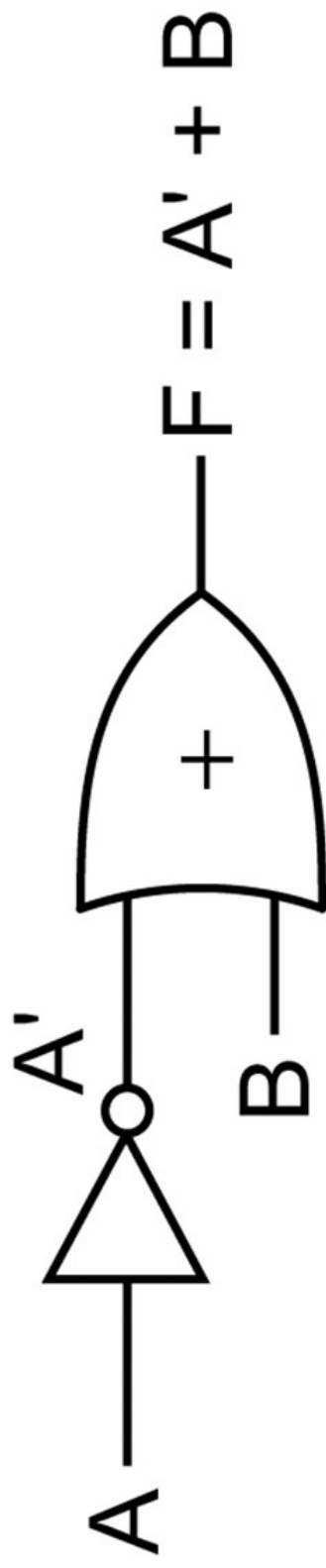


(a)



(b)

Figure 2-1: Circuits for Expressions (2-1) and (2-2)



A	B	A'	F = A' + B
0	0	1	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1

(b)

Figure 2-2: 2-Input Circuit



Table 2-1: Truth Table for 3 variables

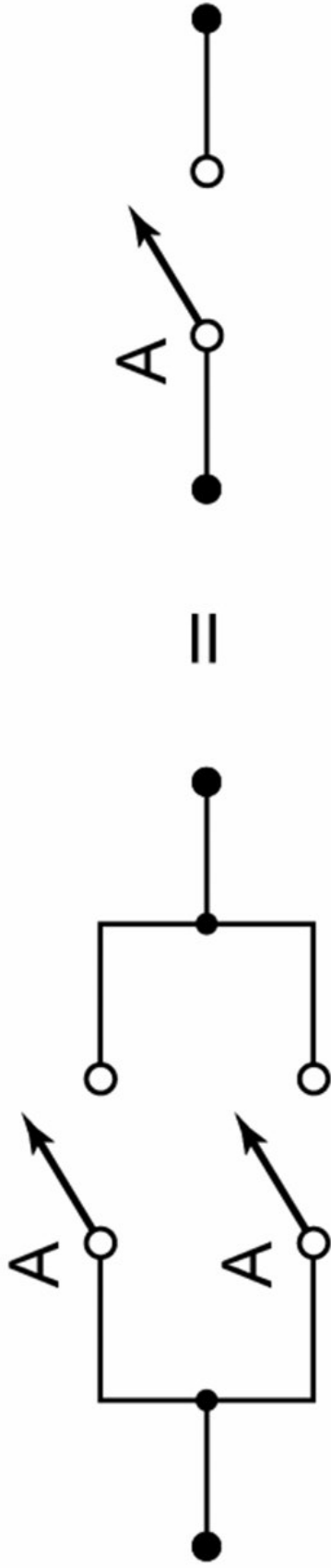
A	B	C	B'	AB'	AB'+C	A+C	B'+C	(A+C)(B'+C)
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1



$$(A \cdot A = A)$$

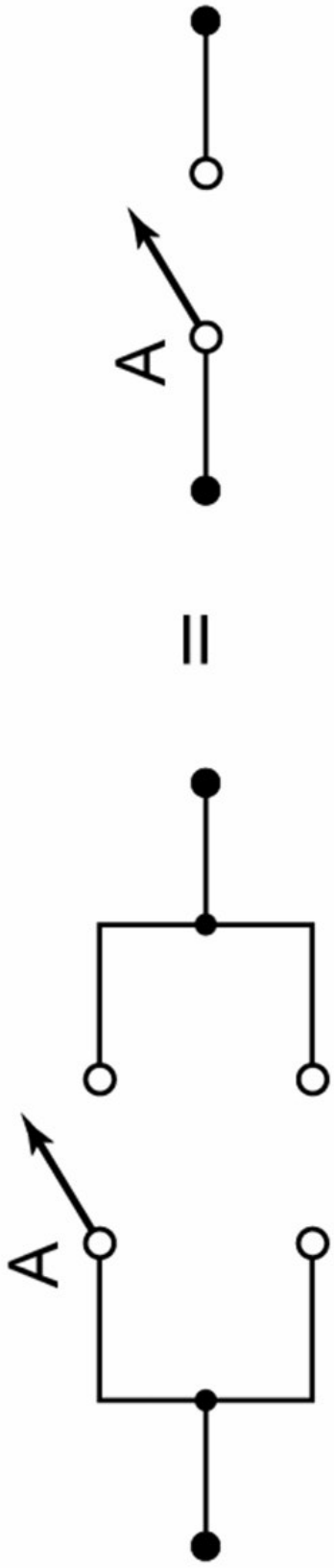
Section 2.4, p. 38





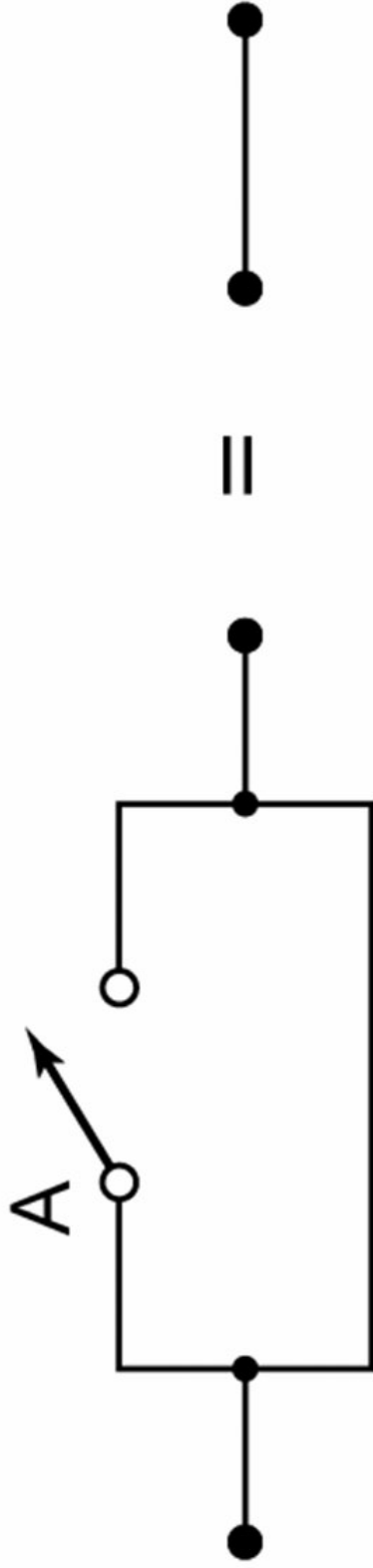
$$(A + A = A)$$

Section 2.4, p. 38



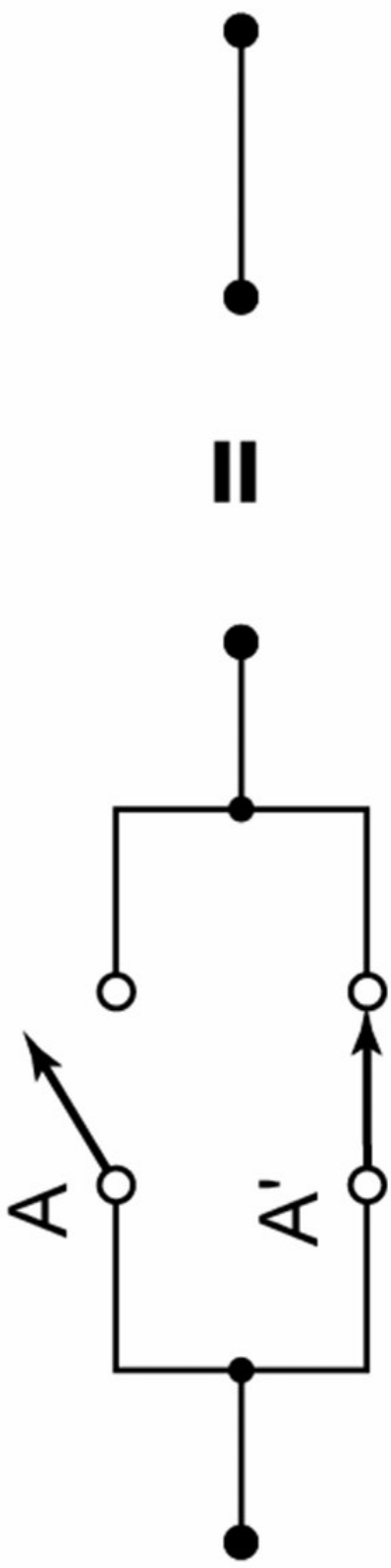
$$(A + 0 = A)$$

Section 2.4, p. 39



$$(A + 1 = 1)$$

Section 2.4, p. 39



$$(A + A' = 1)$$

Section 2.4, p. 39

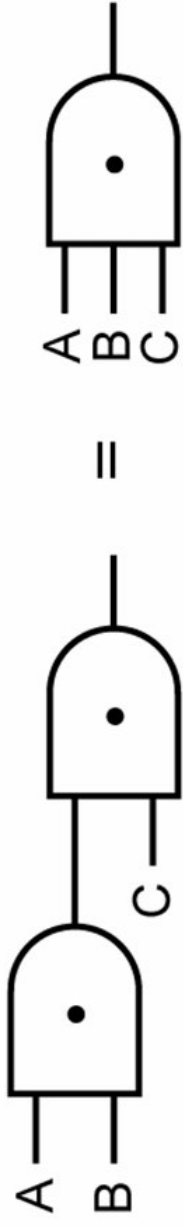


$$(A \cdot A' = 0)$$

Section 2.4, p. 39

Table 2-2: Proof of Associative Law for AND

X	Y	Z	XY	YZ	$(XY)Z$	$X(YZ)$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1



$$(AB)C = ABC$$

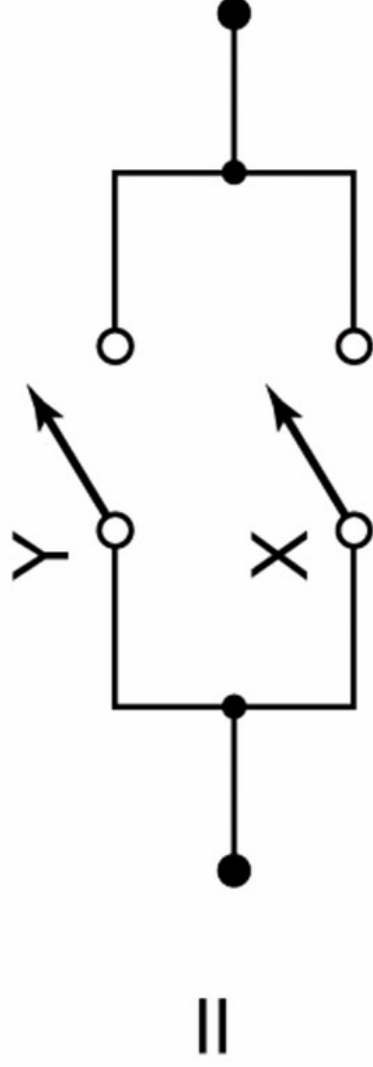
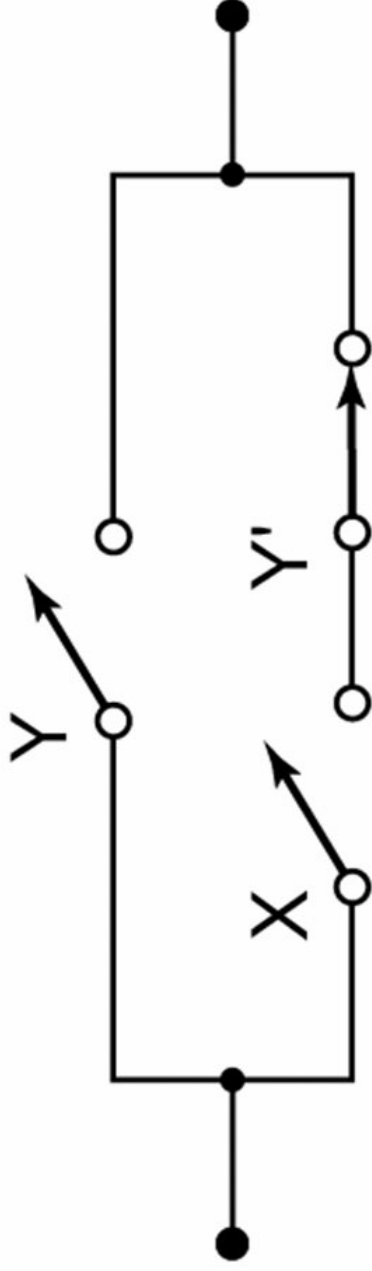
(a)



$$(A + B) + C = A + B + C$$

(b)

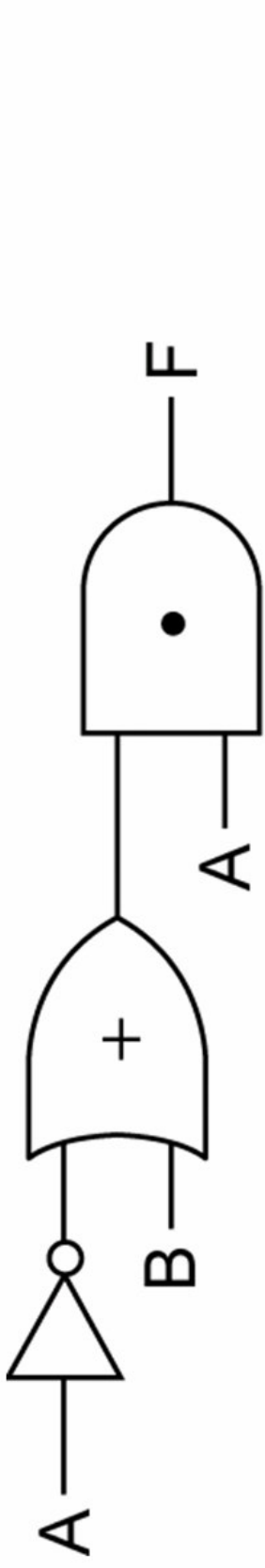
Figure 2-3: Associative Law for AND and OR



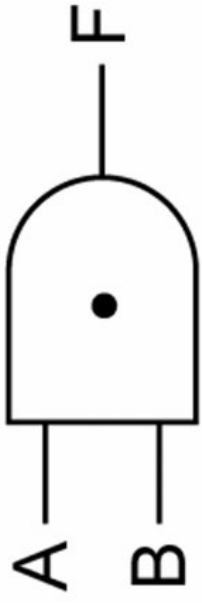
$$(Y + XY') = Y + X$$

Section 2.6, p. 42





(a)



(b)

Figure 2-4: Equivalent Gate Circuits

EXAMPLE 1 Simplify $Z = A'BC + A'$

This expression has the same form as (2-13) if we let $X = A'$ and $Y = BC$. Therefore, the expression simplifies to $Z = X + XY = X = A'$.

EXAMPLE 2 Simplify $Z = [A + B'C + D + EF][A + B'C + (D + EF)']$

Substituting: $Z = [X + Y][X + Y']$

Then, by (2-12D), the expression reduces to

$$Z = X = A + B'C$$

EXAMPLE 3 Simplify $Z = (AB + C)(B'D + C'E) + (AB + C)'$

Substituting: $Z = Y'X + Y$

By (2-14D): $Z = X + Y = B'D + C'E' + (AB + C)'$

Simplify (p. 42-43)

EXAMPLE 1: Factor $A + B'CD$. This is of the form $X + YZ$

where $X = A$, $Y = B'$, and $Z = CD$, so

$$A + B'CD = (X + Y)(X + Z) = (A + B')(A + CD)$$

$A + CD$ can be factored again using the second distributive law, so

$$A + B'CD = (A + B')(A + C)(A + D)$$

EXAMPLE 2: Factor $AB' + C'D$

$$AB' + C'D = (AB' + C')(AB' + D) \leftarrow \text{note how } X + YZ = (X + Y)(X + Z) \text{ was applied here}$$

$$= (A + C')(B' + C')(A + D)(B' + D) \leftarrow \text{the second distributive law was applied again to each term}$$

EXAMPLE 3: Factor $C'D + C'E' + G'H$

$$C'D + C'E' + G'H = C'(D + E') + G'H \leftarrow \text{first apply the ordinary distributive law,}$$

$$XY + XZ = X(Y + Z)$$

$$= (C' + G'H)(D + E') + G'H \leftarrow \text{then apply the second distributive law}$$

$$= (C' + G')(C' + H)(D + E' + G')(D + E' + H) \leftarrow \text{now identify } X, Y, \text{ and } Z \text{ in each expression and complete the factoring}$$

Factor (p. 44-45)



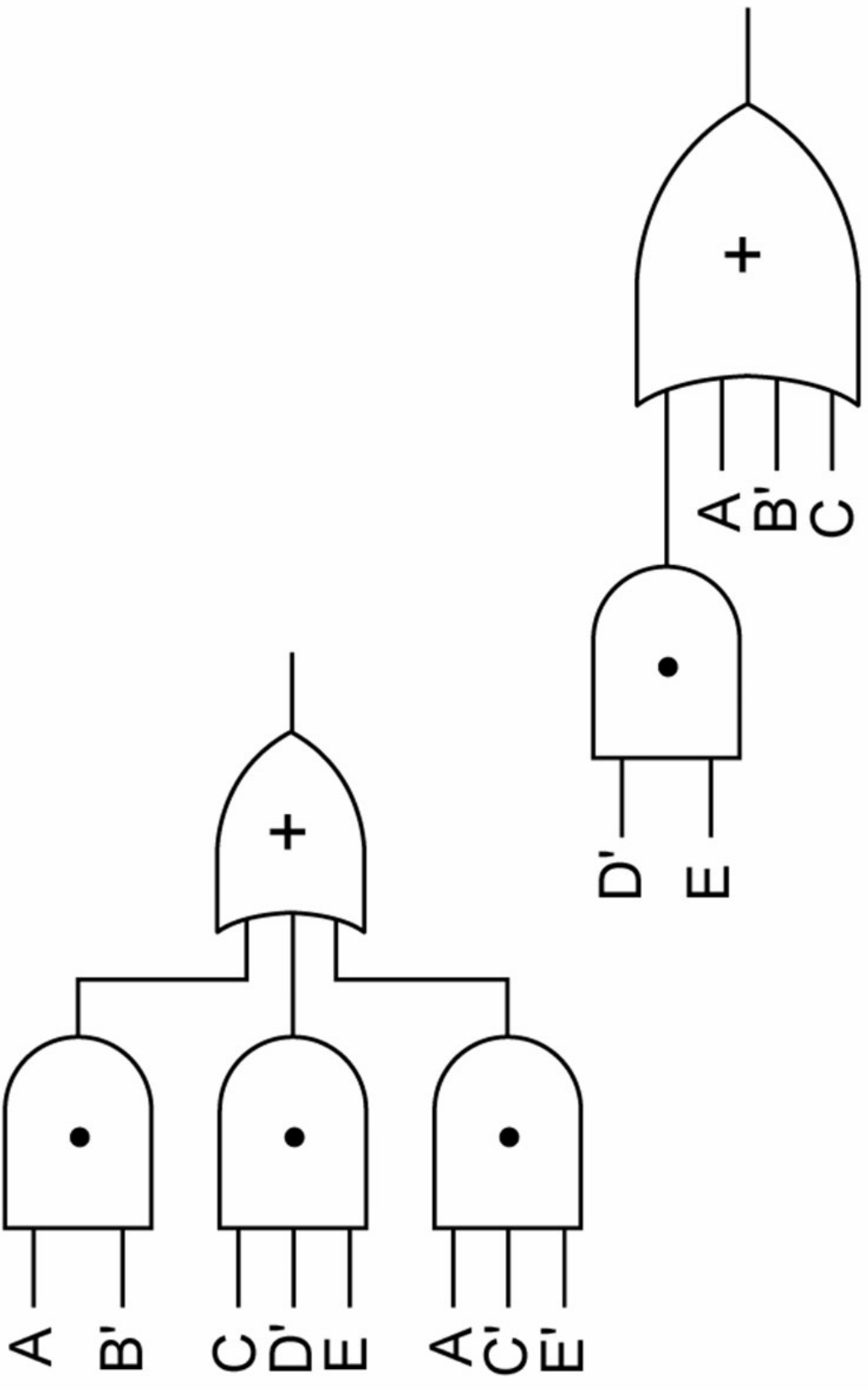


Figure 2-5: Circuits for Equations (2-15) and (2-17)

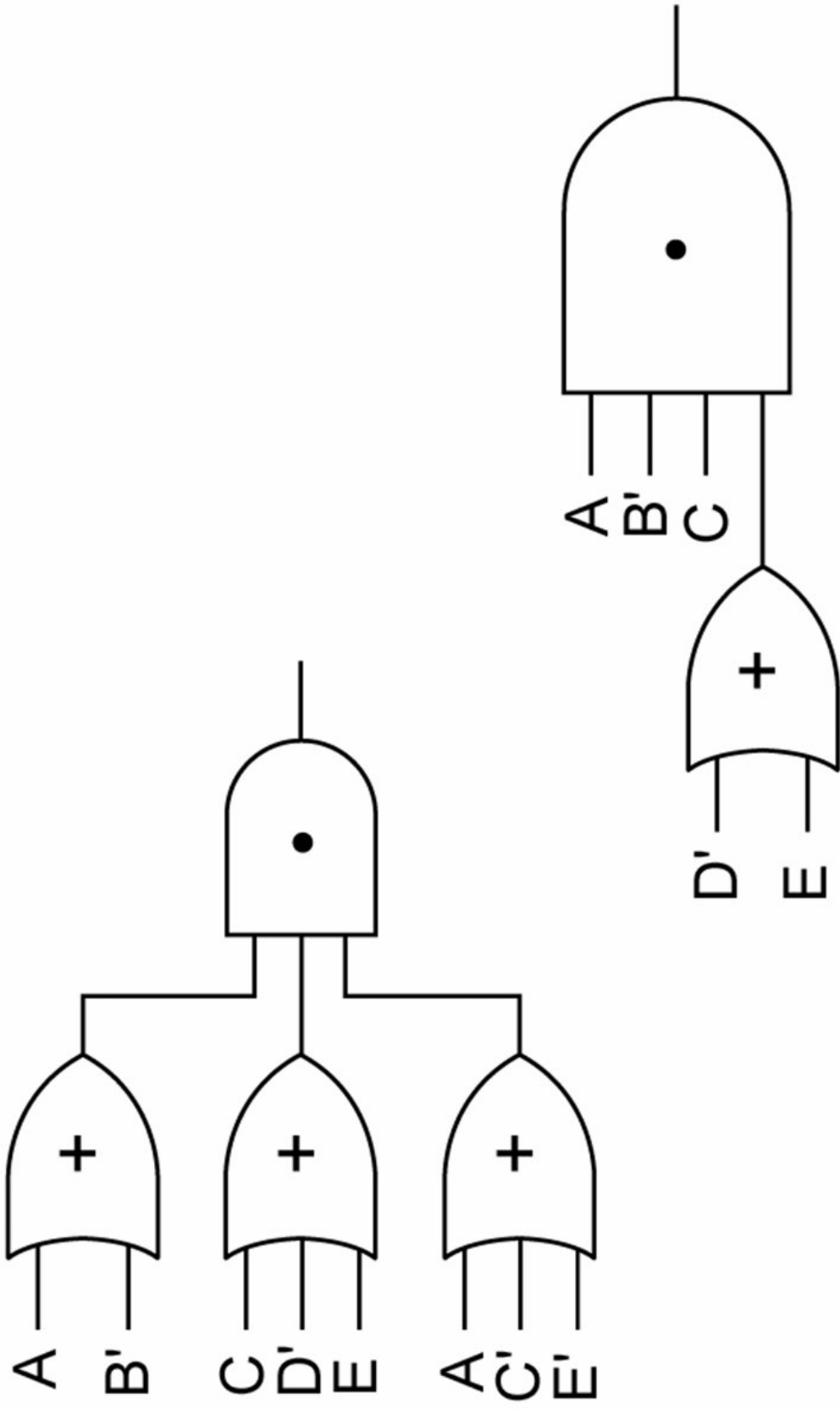


Figure 2-6: Circuits for Equations (2-18) and (2-20)

LAWS AND THEOREMS (a)

Operations with 0 and 1:

1. $X + 0 = X$ 1D. $X \cdot 1 = X$

2. $X + 1 = 1$ 2D. $X \cdot 0 = 0$

Idempotent laws:

3. $X + X = X$ 3D. $X \cdot X = X$

Involution law:

4. $(X')' = X$

Laws of complementarity:

5. $X + X' = 1$ 5D. $X \cdot X' = 0$

LAWS AND THEOREMS (b)

Commutative laws:

$$6. X + Y = Y + X \quad 6D. XY = YX$$

Associative laws:

$$7. (X + Y) + Z = X + (Y + Z) \quad 7D. (XY)Z = X(YZ) = XYZ \\ = X + Y + Z$$

Distributive laws:

$$8. X(Y + Z) = XY + XZ \quad 8D. X + YZ = (X + Y)(X + Z)$$

Simplification theorems:

$$9. XY + XY' = X \quad 9D. (X + Y)(X + Y') = X$$

$$10. X + XY = X \quad 10D. X(X + Y) = X$$

$$11. (X + Y)Y = XY \quad 11D. XY' + Y = X + Y$$

LAWS AND THEOREMS (c)

DeMorgan's laws:

$$12. (X + Y + Z + \dots)' = X'Y'Z' \dots \quad 12D. (XYZ \dots)' = X' + Y' + Z' + \dots$$

Duality:

$$13. (X + Y + Z + \dots)^D = XYZ \dots \quad 13D. (XYZ \dots)^D = X + Y + Z + \dots$$

Theorem for multiplying out and factoring:

$$14. (X + Y)(X' + Z) = XZ + X'Y \quad 14D. XY + X'Z = (X + Z)(X' + Y)$$

Consensus theorem:

$$15. XY + YZ + X'Z = XY + X'Z \quad 15D. (X + Y)(Y + Z)(X' + Z) = (X + Y)(X' + Z)$$